IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA CIVIL APPELLATE JURISIDICTION CIVIL APPEAL 4835 OF 2015

| IN THE MATTER OF: | : |
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STATE OF HARYANA & ORS. APPELLANTS

VERSUS

MAHARANA **P**RATAP **C**HARITABLE

TRUST REG. RESPONDENT

and connected matters

SUGGESTED QUESTIONS OF LAW ON BEHALF OF THE STATE OF HARYANA

- **1.** What would be correct construction of Section 24 of the 2013 Act and the placement of proviso under Section 24(2)?
- **2.** Whether the law laid down in *Pune Municipal Corporation v. Harakchand and Ors., (*2014) 3 SCC 183 and *Shree Balaji Nagar Residential Assn. vs. State of Tamil Nadu* [2015] 3 SCC 353 fails to take into account the legislative intent of consciously not giving very wide retrospectivity so as to avoid obvious practical difficulties in an on-going acquisition proceedings under 1894 Act at the time when the 2013 Act came in to force?
- **3.** What ought to be the meaning of the term "has not been paid" in Section 24(2)?
- **4.** Would the phrases "has not been paid" and "deposited in the account of the beneficiaries" in section 24(2) of the 2013 Act necessarily connote the meaning as envisaged under Section 31 of the 1894 Act?

5. What ought to be the meaning of the term "deposited in the account of the beneficiaries" in Section 24(2) proviso?

6. While hearing a reference made in *Yogesh Neema v. State of M.P.* [Reference Order dated 12.01.2016], the bench of three Hon'ble Judges in *Indore Development Authority v. Shailendra*, (2018) 3 SCC 412 has expressly overruled the judgment of two Hon'ble Judges in *Shree Balaji* [supra].

In absence of any coordinate bench doubting the conclusion of three Hon'ble Judges' bench in Indore Development Authority [supra] on the question of exclusion of period of stay while computing five years under section 24[2], is it permissible to re-agitate the said question before a Constitution Bench?

7. In the alternative and without prejudice to question number 6 above, while computing the period of "five years" occurring in section 24[2], should the period during which a stay / injunction order operated against any of the stages of proceedings in 1894 Act be not excluded?

8. Whether the meaning of the term "physical possession" being spelt out by the bench of three Hon'ble Judges in *Indore Development Authority* [supra] to be the meaning given by this Hon'ble Court in *Banda Development Authority v. Moti Lal Agarwal*, [2011] 5 SCC 394 and the said view having not been doubted by any bench of coordinated jurisdiction, is it permissible to reagitate the same question afresh before a Constitution Bench?

9. In the alternative and without prejudice to Question 8, what will be the import and meaning of the term "physical possession" as used in section 24[2] of the 2013 Act?

10. Whether the decision in *Indore Development* [supra] has rightly declared the decision in *Pune Municipal* [supra] as per incuriam?

Settled by : Shri Tushar Mehta Drawn and filed by:

Solicitor General of India

B.K. Satija Advocate for the Appellant

Filed on: 03.04.2019